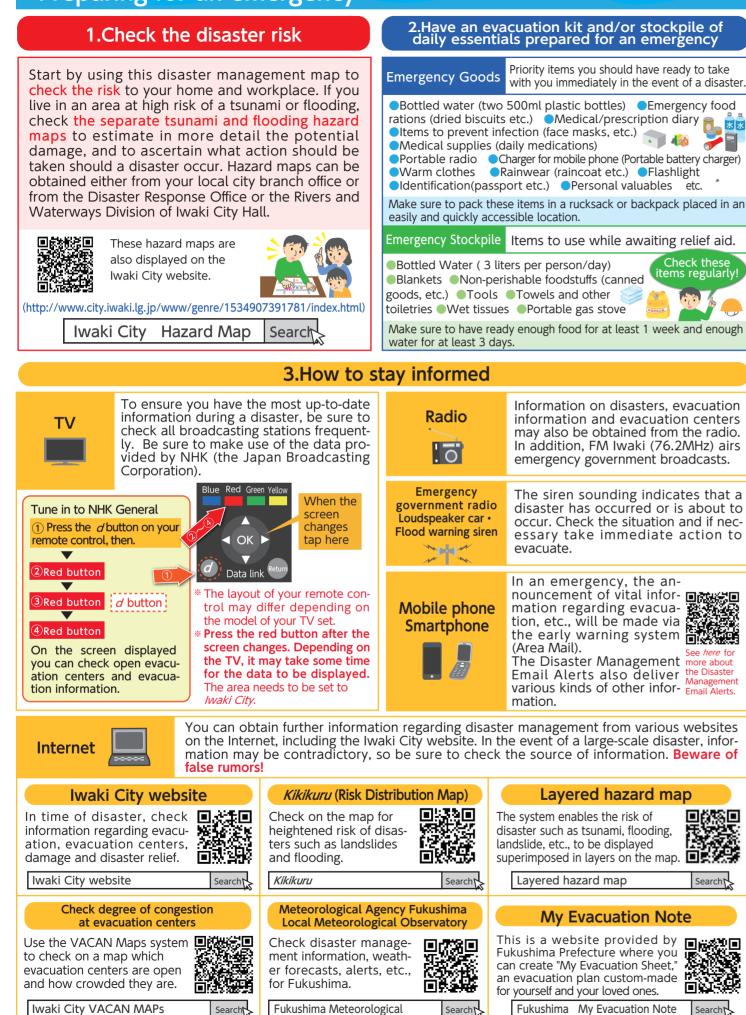
Preparing for an emergency



Management Map Heavy Rain • Flood

What is the Disaster Management Map?

- ▶ In addition to tsunami and river flooding hazard maps, this map provides regional information on areas at risk of landslide.
- ▶ Display this map in a prominent place, and familiarize yourself with the disaster risks in your neighborhood, as well as the location of local evacuation centers, evacuation sites and evacuation routes.
- *Evacuation centers are facilities providing temporary living accommodation in the event of a disaster.
- Evacuation sites are facilities providing temporary shelter in the event of a disaster.



Created : Iwaki City Crisis Management Section, Disaster Response Office TEL: 0246-22-1242 (Cover photo(s): Photos of Iwaki)

Iwaki City Disaster To protect yourself and your loved ones from disaster



Hisanohama/Ohisa Region

Protect yourself and your family Self-help

Zero

Aiming to leave no one behind

Local communities working together

Cooperation

Striving to ensure everyone is safe

Public Assistance provided by government agencies Public

assistance

What is the risk of disaster for my home?

Landslide

Tsunami Inundation

River Flooding





If your home is at risk in a disaster. check the location of your local evacuation centers/sites; also the location of a friend's home where you can be safe.

Stay informed about disasters!

Flooding



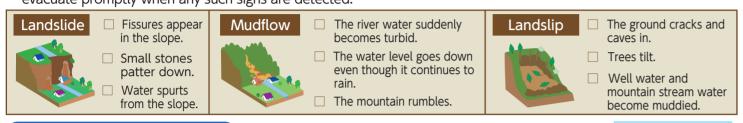
During heavy rain, river levels will rise rapidly. Stay away from rivers and waterways.



Beware of places prone to flooding, such as underpasses.

Landslide

- Beware of Landslide Risk Areas and Landslide Hazard Spots near you.
- In the event of heavy rain or when a landslide warning is announced, be sure to evacuate in good time.
- Know the types of landslides and their telltale signs (such as rumbling on the mountain or sudden spouting of water); evacuate promptly when any such signs are detected.



Earthquake • Tsunami

- If an earthquake occurs, before all else take action to ensure your own safety, such as protecting your head.
- A siren will sound when a tsunami warning is issued. Evacuate immediately.
- The tsunami may be higher than expected. Evacuate to the highest, furthest place you can.

Types of weather information/evacuation information and the action you should take

| Sev by th | Higher | Emergency Warning | There is a significantly increased risk of a major disaster. |
|--|-------------------------|--|---|
| Te ere | inghei | | |
| Severe weather information issued by the Japan Meteorological Agency | Risk of Disaster | Landslide Alert Information | There is a significantly increased risk of landslide due to heavy rain. |
| | | Information on record levels of heavy rain over a short period | Issued once every few years when torrential rain is observed (in Iwaki City, rainfall of 100mm in the space of an hour). |
| | | | |
| | | Heavy Rain Warning Flood Warning | There is a significantly increased risk of a major disaster due to heavy rain/flooding. |
| Age | | | |
| ed | | Heavy Rain Advisory • Flood Advisory | A disaster may occur due to heavy rain/flooding. |

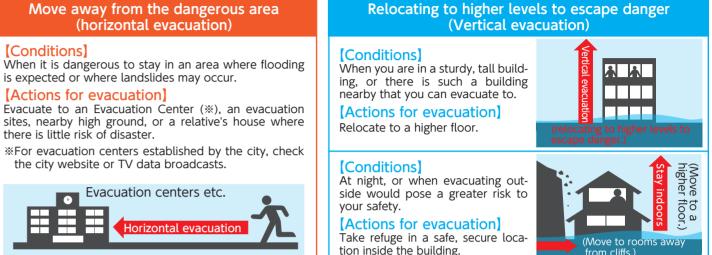
| п | In the case of heavy rain | | | | | In the case of a Tsunami | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| | | The evacuation infor- mation that is issued Situation | | Specific situation | Action you should take | For details, be sure to check the Tsunami Hazard Map. | |
| | 5 | Emergency Safety Measures | A disaster has occurred or is imminent | A Heavy Rain Emergency Warning is issued. The river has or is about to overflow. A landslide has occurred. | Take immediate action to protect life. | Type Major Tsunami | Actions fo take Persons in coastal regions or beside rivers (especially those in coloured areas on the tsunami hazard map), must evacuate immediate- ly to a safe place such as higher ground or an evac- uation building. Tsunami waves are expected to hit repeatedly. Do not leave safe ground until the warning is lifted. Do not assume that where you are is safe; get as high and as far away as possible. |
| Information and | 4 | Evacuation Instruction | There is a high possibility of a disaster | River levels have exceeded the evacuation warning water level, and are expected to reach hazardous water levels. There is a strong likelihood of landslide. | Prompt evacuation of all persons from the hazardous area. | Warning (Evacuation Instruction) | |
| | 3 | Evacuation of the elderly, infirm, Etc. | There is a pos- sibility of disas- ter | River levels have exceeded the advisory water level, and are expected to reach the evacuation warning water level. There is the likelihood of landslide, and it is expected that the continuing rain will increase the risk. | Persons (such as the elderly and disabled) who may need more time to evacuate should evacuate from the hazardous area. | Tsunami Warning (Evacuation Instruction) | |
| | 2 | - | W o r s e n i n g weather condi- tions | _ | Use the hazard map and other resources to check evacuation routes. | Tsunami Advisory (Evacuation Instruction) | If you are in the sea or between the sea and the coastal embankment, move away from the coast at once. Do not enter the sea or approach coastal regions until the tsunami advisory is lifted. |
| | 1 | _ | Possibility of worsening weather condi- tions from now | _ | Improve mental pre- paredness for a disas- ter. | *Areas on the seaward side of the coastal embankment. | |

When evacuating

When an evacuation information is issued, those living in hazardous areas must begin the evacuation process immediately. Talk with your family and loved ones regularly about the safest evacuation strategy depending on the situation.

How to approach evacuation

Evacuation does not mean simply moving to an evacuation center. It also includes the following actions. It is important to evacuate as soon as possible and have multiple evacuation ways.



Things to pay attention to when evacuating

Before leaving home

- Do not forget to bring your emergency evacuation kit.
- Close the main gas valve.
- Turn off the circuit breaker.
- Leave behind a memo with information of where you are evacuating to, etc.

Check with your neighbors

The elderly, children, disabled persons and others who will take more time to evacuate should evacuate early. In the event of a disaster, everyone in the community should help each other and evacuate safely.



Evacuate using safe routes

When evacuating, avoid going near rivers or cliffs, and roads that have high concrete-block walls. As gutter covers and manhole covers may be displaced due to heavy rain, be careful not to fall in.



Disaster Message Board Service

In the event of a disaster, this voice message board can be used to inform your loved ones of your safety, and to ascertain the safety of others. An online Disaster Message Board (web171) is also available.



You can try it out on the 1st and 15th of every month. Have a practice! In time of disaster, each mobile phone carrier provides a Disaster Message Board service.

Even if no evacuation information has yet been issued, if you feel something is not right or that there is danger, begin the evacuation process immediately.







If your car is immersed in water it may stop running, or the water pressure may prevent the door from opening and you may not be able to escape. As far as possible avoid evacuating by car; as a rule, evacuation should be on foot.



Clothing for evacuation

When evacuating, wear clothing that does not restrict movement. In winter, be sure to take measures against the cold; wear warm clothes and gloves! Also, as far as possible, take action in groups of two or more.



| 1 | 171 Disaster Message Board by phone. |
|---|---|
| 2 | Record message 1 Play back message 2 |
| 3 | Enter the phone number to which you want to record or from which you want to play back a message. (X X X) X - X X X X In the case of a landline number, enter the area code (such as 0246). Recording and playback are also avail- able by mobile phone. |
| 4 | Follow the instructions to record or play back messages. |